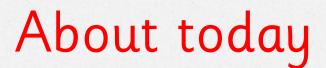


12th November 2024



Today's session is designed to give you more information about the check itself, examples of words used in previous checks (they will not be used again!), how the results will be used and activities to help your children.





What is phonics?

Phonics is the method of teaching children to read and write the English language.

It enables people to use individual sounds to construct words.

grapheme-phoneme correspondences + segmenting and blending sounds





Terminology

Phoneme

A phoneme is the smallest unit of sound in a word.

Grapheme

A grapheme is the written representation of a phoneme, so a letter or group of letters representing one sound.

Digraph

A digraph is when you have two letters together to make one sound, eg; chip, shop, tree, train

Trigraph

A trigraph is when you have three letters together to make one sound, eg; night, hedge, hair

Split Vowel Digraph

A split vowel digraph is when two vowels making one sound are separated by a consonant eg; make, home, kite





Blending and Segmenting

Blending is the skill of teaching children to read a word.

We blend the individual sounds together to read a word.

c-a-t cat

sh-i-p ship

Segmenting is the skill of teaching children to write a word.

We segment the sounds in a word to write it accurately.





Pure sounds

Basic code taught in Reception. One way of representing each of the 44 sounds

S SS	a	t	Р	ډب.	n
m	d	9	0	c k ck	6
F	r	Ł	Ф	f ff	ιu
j	v	w	х	y	z zz
qu	ng	ch	sh	th	th
(queen)	(ring)	(cheese)	(shell)	(feather)	(thumb)
ai	ee	igh	oa	00	oo
(snail)	(bee)	(light)	(goat)	(moon)	(book)
ar	or	ur	OW	oi	ear
(car)	(fork)	(surf)	(cow)	(coin)	(ear)
air		ure		er	
(chair)		(manure)		(hammer)	





Advanced code taught in Year 1.
Alternative ways of representing each of the 44 sounds which equates to 200!

tea

be

baby

babies

key

taxi

receive

Pete

ay	ou	ie	ea	oy	ir
(tray)	(house)	(pie)	(seal)	(boy)	(bird)
ue	ue	aw	wh	ph	ew
(glue)	(value)	(saw)	(wheel)	(phone)	(screw)
ew	oe	au	ey	a_e	e_e
(stew)	(toes)	(saucer)	(key)	(cake)	(centipede)
i_e (dice)	o_e (bone)	u_e (flute)	u_e (cube)	zh (treasure)	



Split vowel digraph

Two vowels that have been split by a consonant but still make one sound.

i_e

like

kite

a_e

make

cake





Sight vocabulary

Many children are able to read certain words without segmenting them.

This is a fantastic skill and should be encouraged.

If your child is ever unsure, always encourage them to look carefully at the word and blend it.

strom and storm





Phonics Screening Check

- It is a statutory assessment introduced in 2012 for all year 1 pupils.
- ▶ It is designed to help us gauge how well your child is progressing in phonics. It will help to identify whether your child needs additional support at this stage so that they do not fall behind in this vital early reading skill.
- ▶ It will take place w/c 9th June 2025 **all children need to be** in school.
- ▶ It consists of 40 words 20 real words and 20 pseudo (nonsense) words.
- ▶ The check will be carried out by Mrs Payne in an environment that is familiar to the children.
- Previous years pass rates have been 32 out of 40.
- ▶ Children who do not pass in year 1 will retake the check in year 2.





Example papers

Some words from previous papers include...

Real Words	Pseudo Words		
day	chom		
scribe	thazz		
newt	jound		
phone	blurst		
pumpkin	spron		





Last years words were						
nop	sint	bew	curl			
yim	doilt	clune	doze			
zeg	shin	baup	plank			
ild	fang	cheve	shrimp			
jick	sort	blenk	split			
sheb	chill	froast	stripe			
deeg	fled	scrup	relay			
quish	speck	sprace	ending			
brop	ramp	bar	dolphin			
sleen	corns	sneak	crackers			





How will the results from the screening check be used?

- You will be informed of how your child has done in the screening check towards the end of the summer term with your child's school report.
- The screening check will identify children who have phonic skills below expectations for the end of Year 1.
- The children who do not pass will then be able to retake the assessment in Year 2.
- It is necessary to note here that the check is not an indicator of how well children read, simply how well they decode words. Therefore there may be some children who read at, or above, the expected standard that do not pass this check. There may also be children who pass the screening who are reading below the expected standard.





Home support techniques

- ▶ Read regularly with your child, at least 3 times a week. Read to them and let them read to you.
- Enjoy story time and let your child see you enjoy reading.
- Visits libraries and bookshops.
- Read signs in your day to day activities.
- Note patterns in books, particularly long vowel phonemes. Talk about how the letter sounds change.
- ▶ Use the fastest finger sheets to help with faster recall of the individual sounds.





Home support techniques

- ▶ Read a pseudo word every day! They are easy to make up and can be different lengths.
- Let your child make up pseudo words for you!
- ▶ Play phonics games online:
- https://www.phonicsplay.co.uk/PictureMatch.html Picture Match
- https://www.phonicsplay.co.uk/PicnicOnPluto.html
 Picnic on Pluto
- https://www.phonicsplay.co.uk/BuriedTreasure2.ht ml - Buried Treasure
- http://www.ictgames.com/literacy.html Tell a T-rex / Phoneme Pop

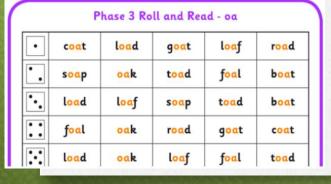




www.twinkl.co.uk

 Great website for games and activities to print, particularly if your child is finding a particular sound tricky.

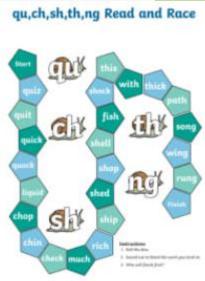












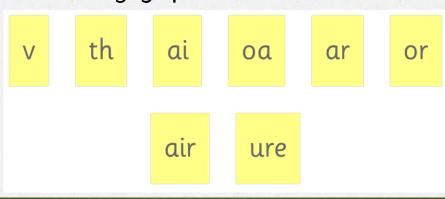




Phonics Tracker

We assess children regularly throughout the year, both on graphemes and previous phonics screening papers.

We will be sending home updates and revision tools — please use these, they will be helpful to support with any gaps.





Remember, we are here to help your child achieve their very best. If you have any questions or queries at all, please do not hesitate to ask you child's class teacher or teaching assistant. We are all happy to help.