

Subject: Spanish Year 4 Autumn A Las tapas - tapas



Cross-curricular links will be highlighted for: Core / Foundation subjects Key grammar / phonics Cultural Awareness / International links Outdoor learning

Objectives	Prior Learning	Lesson	Future	Links to Rise Park
		Starter and plenary activities will take the form of outdoor games where possible.	Learning	key drivers
Lesson 1, 2, 3 To complete research about new class country To complete a pre-assessment		Introduce new class country; some presentation of facts from T and use of iPads to research key information. Complete pre-assessment to check learning from previous years.	Links to year group countries Reinforce learning linked to RP key drivers of: Knowledge of the World (adding to their list of known places where Spanish is spoken), Diversity (how different people's lives are different from ours and how geographical factors affect this), Possibilities and Enquiries (research)	
Lesson 4,5 To revise key questions from KS1 and KS2: ¿Qué comes? and ¿Te gusta / Te gustan? To revise some key food vocab from KS1 and apply this to comprehension about ingredients in tapas To understand, remember and	KQ: ¿Qué comes? – What do you eat? and ¿Te gusta / Te gustan? Do you like? Nouns (fruit and veg from jardín británico in Yr 1 and picnic / hungry Caterpillar foods from Yr 2) – chico / chica words, formation of common plurals (add an s) Sound-spelling- reading-writing link vowels	Starter: Food revision sheet - fruit, veg, picnic: patata, tomate, queso, huevos, platáno, naranja, aguacate, jamón, manzana, mermelada, pastel, chocolate, bocadillo, pan. Extension: make plural nouns Revise key q: ¿Qué comes? - What do you eat +days of the week? and ¿Te gusta / Te gustan? Do you like? Children have blank template sheet with days of the week on and must interview their partner to practise existing knowledge of foods by saying what they eat on each day. SEND: Have key phase support (Come) on cheet	Understanding tapa when they are spoken aloud How to say Would you like / I would like How to personalise responses to explain why we can/can't eat certain food (intolerances, allergies, religious reasons)	Knowledge of the world – different cultures and countries eat different foods to us; a key component of foods eaten in different cultures and countries is dependent upon what food is grown there as that forms key ingredients



Rise Park Primary & Nursery School Medium Term Planning

Subject: Spanish Year 4 Autumn A Las tapas - tapas



Cross-curricular links will be highlighted for: Core / Foundation subjects Key grammar / phonics Cultural Awareness / International links Outdoor learning

correctly say new vocabulary for tapas types in Spanish	Numbers 1-40 Verbs: COMER / GUSTAR 1 st and 2 nd person forms	interviews, coloured text descriptions of tapa and photos, feedback worksheet Vocabulary: Pre-existing: patata, tomate, queso, huevos, platáno, naranja, aguacate, jamón, manzana, mermelada, pastel, chocolate, bocadillo, pan + days of week. New: Las patatas bravas, las albóndigas, el jamón Serrano, el queso Manchego, la tortilla de patatas, el chorizo, las gambas, los churros, cebollas, ají, carne (res o cerdo), paprika, ajo.		
Lesson 6,7 To consolidate new vocab for tapas types and the new key question: ¿Qué quieres? What do you want? + being able to personalize the response according to our own preferences / needs Giving opinions whilst tasting food, including using adjectives to describe them and porque to express why they have certain preferences.	Tapas vocab Key q and knowledge of how to extend and personalise a response Knowledge of estar+adj for describing food	Tapas tasting lesson - photo evidence required (possibility this may take 2 lessons) Revise vowel sounds in Spanish a, e, i, o, u - reminder on TWB Starter: Adjective cards to read aloud on tables to practise speaking words correctly. English meanings on back to test each other for meaning once spoken. Display grammar rule on TWB explaining how to add descriptives for food - using estar (3 rd person). Introduce key q: ¿Qué quieres? - What do you want? and response Quiero + tapa / No quiero / No puedo and ¿Te gusta? - Do you like? and response Me gusta + tapa porque / No me gusta porque Tasting activity: 3 stalls set up in classroom with 3 children manning them and posing the key question (para picar - olives and bread, carne y pez - ham, chorizo and prawns, lácteos y dulces - cheese, tortilla de patatas, churros). Children respond with what they want and record their opinion on the tick sheet (adjectives) as they taste. If children have religious observance or food intolerance that means they can't eat certain foods they use the key q: ¿Tienes + ingredient? - to ask what it has. * Display new grammar rule - giving reasons with porque and combining how to use estar to describe food. Give an example from a child's tick sheet, explaining how they can use their opinion to explain their likes and dislikes of the food they tried. If they didn't try a food due to religious observance or food intolerance, demonstrate how they could express this too. Children then use their tick sheets to interview each other and use their recorded responses to express opinions using porque. Resources: adjective cards for starter, salt, paprika, sugar, lemon juice, tapas foods (olives, bread, ham, chorizo, prawns, Manchego, tortilla de patatas, churros if available), adjective tick sheet responses.	Reading and understanding a menu. Reading and listening skills in real scenarios – ordering from a menu.	Diversity / Emotional awareness - respecting other people's dietary habits and understanding that others may eat differently to us due to religion, food intolerances and how to respond appropriately to these situations. Possibilities and enquiries – opportunities to taste new foods



Subject: Spanish Year 4 Autumn A Las tapas - tapas



Cross-curricular links will be highlighted for: Core / Foundation subjects Key grammar / phonics Cultural Awareness / International links Outdoor learning

		Vocabulary: tapa and ingredient vocab, soy + hindú/musulmán, soy + alérgico/a a, soy + vegetariano/a; está salado, picante, dulce, jugoso, amargo.		
Lesson 8,9 To consolidate new vocab for tapas types To consolidate key question: ¿Qué quieres? What do you want? To apply knowledge of phonemic awareness, tapas vocab and grammar to understand the main points of texts, using familiar language and cognates	Sound-spelling- reading-writing link vowels Cognate knowledge (words like English words) Vocab knowledge: patata, tomate, queso, huevos, aguacate, jamón, chocolate, pan, las patatas bravas, las albóndigas, el jamón Serrano, el queso Manchego, la tortilla de patatas, el chorizo, las gambas, los churros, cerbollas, ají, carne (res o cerdo), paprika, ajo	Starter: Game to revise tapa (like 4 corners but with all tapa - using photos from last week displayed on walls, children must move to the tapa they think is spoken. Differentiate: only give ingredients!) Revise vowel sounds in Spanish a, e, i, o, u Revise key q: ¿Qué quieres? - What do you want? and response Quiero + tapa. Circle game round tables asking and answering key q - not allowed to say same tapa twice but allowed to say more than one. Fill in sheet to show what people answered. SEND - tick sheet. Negation of phrases - adding 'No' Listening activity: T reads (or plays recording) of different requests for tapas + reasons why they would like/wouldn't like different ones. Children complete differentiated activities either: ticking tapa they heard (picking out vocab and cognates), answering questions about what they heard (picking out main points), reading statements and deciding if they are T/F based on what they heard. * Reading/thinking skills activity: conversations displayed in speech bubbles. Differentiated responses showing reasons why classmates can/can't eat certain food (link to SMSC). Children decipher what phrases mean in English. (Expose to adding descriptives - using estar (3 rd person) for food / soy + religion/dietary requirements and giving reasons with porque) SEND: less bubbles to avoid cognitive overload / peer support Resources: Photos of tapa for starter, round table interview sheets, listening activity, reading activity sheets. Vocabulary: tapa and ingredient vocab, soy + hindú/musulmán/sij, soy + alérgico/a a, soy + vegetariano/a; está salado, picante, dulce, jugoso, amargo.	How to say Would you like / I would like How to personalise responses to explain why we can/can't eat certain food (intolerances, allergies, religious reasons) in real situations	Diversity / Emotional awareness – respecting other people's dietary habits and understanding that others may eat differently to us due to religion, food intolerances and how to respond appropriately to these situations.
Lesson 10,11 To apply knowledge of this topic to recognize parts of and read a	Tapas vocab Estar+adjectives to describe food Sound-spelling- reading-writing link	Starter: Food grouping - picture and word cards for food, children to group them into different groups according to what they think the foods have in common (e.g. all sweet, all veg, all start with the same letter etc) Show children tapas menus from tapas restaurants in Nottingham and Derby (The Tapastry, Iberico, Baresca, Lorentes) to show that although tapas is not an English food, it is possible to go to tapas restaurants in the UK.	Designing a menu for a tapas restaurant to practise reading and	Possibilities and enquiries – problem-solving reading activity where children choose what



Rise Park Primary & Nursery School Medium Term Planning

Subject: Spanish Year 4 Autumn A Las tapas - tapas



Cross-curricular links will be highlighted for: Core / Foundation subjects Key grammar / phonics Cultural Awareness / International links Outdoor learning

menu accurately.	http://www.ibericotapas.com/images/book/index.php?filename=/menus/notts-pdf- food_pdf&width=500&height=400	writing skills.	different people can eat based on
To apply knowledge and understanding of this topic to real life scenarios – e.g. ordering from a menu for someone according to specific criteria.	Writing activity: Children stick a menu into their book and label the key features that need to be on a menu for it to do its job well (Restaurant name, food sections, names of items, prices, pictures, restaurant info) * Reading activity / thinking skills activity: Children have worksheets where two people are describing what they would like to eat, allergies, religious observances and money available to spend. Children use the menu they have stuck into their book to pick out what these 2 people should eat and why. SEND: simpler sentences; narrower instructions to show where children should choose items from the menu. Resources: food pictures for starter (x5 for table groups), tapas menus, tapas worksheet for children to annotate, reading/thinking skills activity worksheet Vocabulary: tapa and ingredient vocab, numbers for money, dietary requirements and vocab for likes/dislikes		certain criteria